



**Acts of
City Council of Hinton
Regular Meeting
Tuesday October 12, 2010
7:00 p.m. -- Hinton City Hall**

1. **Call to order / Roll Call** - Mayor Blankenship called the meeting to order and the record showed that Councilman Jordan, Councilman Oxley, Councilman Meador and Councilman Basham were all present. City Manager Cris Meadows, Chief of Police Derek Snavelly, Fire Chief Ray Pivont and City Attorney Richard Gunnoe were also in attendance.
2. **Invocation / Pledge of allegiance** - Len Maddy led the devotions and the pledge of allegiance.
3. **Approval of Agenda** - Mayor Blankenship asked for approval of the agenda Councilman Meador made a motion to approve the agenda. Councilman Oxley seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.
4. **Approval of Minutes September 21, 2010** - Councilman Jordan moved to approve the September 21, 2010 minutes. Councilman Oxley seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.
5. **Approval of September 2010 paid invoices** - Councilman Jordan moved to approve the September 2010 paid invoices. Councilman Meador seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.
6. **Approval of September 2010 financial report** - Councilman Jordan moved to approve the financial report. Councilman Basham seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0
7. **Approval of Unpaid Invoices** - Councilman Jordan moved to approve the unpaid invoices. Councilman Oxley seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.
8. **Approval of building permits** - Councilman Jordan moved to approve the building permits. Councilman Basham seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.
9. **Appearance of Citizens – no one appeared before council**
10. **Discussion and or action concerning Gold Coast Sewer Project** - Council discussed the project and the additional design work that was needed to go under the road. Councilman Meador moved to approve the invoices and the resolution concerning the Goldcoast sewer project. Councilman Oxley seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.
11. **Discussion and or action concerning location of fire station** – Council discussed the advantages of both locations. Kitty Sadler from Rural Development was present to answer questions about the funding and stated the money must be spent by 2015. If the city were to use the current location the applicants would have to change and the county would have to hire bond council. The Preservation office could be a big hold up also as they would have to approve the new location and they could take many months to give that approval if they even would consider it. No action was taken as Mayor Blankenship stated we have already voted on this in the past and we don't need another vote. He then directed Cris Meadows to immediately begin construction.
12. **Discussion and or action concerning city code changes- Cris Meadows** presented changes to chapter 18 and 19 of city code. Councilman Jordan moved to approve the second and final reading. Councilman Basham seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.

CHAPTER 18. NUISANCES

Article I. Nuisances Generally

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| Sec. 1. | Prohibited. |
| Sec. 2. | Notice to Abate Nuisance. |
| Sec. 3. | Same – Service. |
| Sec. 4. | Publication in Lieu of Personal Service. |
| Sec. 5. | Hearing by Council. |
| Sec. 6. | Order of Abatement. |
| Sec. 7. | Same – Penalty for Failure to Comply Therewith. |
| Sec. 8. | Entrance on Premises for Abatement or Removal. |
| Sec. 9. | Liability of Owner when Premises Leased to More than One Party. |
| Sec. 10. | Apportionment of Cost of Abating. |
| Sec. 11. | Enforcement in Circuit Court. |

Article II. Particular Nuisances

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| Sec. 12. | Boarding or Lodging Houses. |
| Sec. 13. | Manufacture Injurious to Health or Emitting Offensive Odor. |
| Sec. 14. | Pipes, Tanks, Gutters, Cans, etc. |
| Sec. 15. | Operation of Engines, Furnaces or Boilers. |

Sec. 16. Junk, Automobiles, and Machinery.

Article I. Nuisances Generally.

Sec. 1. Prohibited.

Every nuisance as declared, mentioned or defined in this Code shall be prohibited. (1927, Ord. No. 34).

Sec. 2. Notice to Abate Nuisance.

Whenever the Mayor or the Chief of Police or the City Manager shall have knowledge of the existence of anything or condition constituting a nuisance dangerous to the public health or whenever the Mayor, City Manager or Chief of Police shall have knowledge of the existence of anything or condition constituting a nuisance, the Mayor, City Manager or Chief of Police shall give notice to the person responsible for such nuisance to show cause before the Council, at a time and place to be specified in such notice, why such nuisance should not be abated, discontinued or removed. Such notice shall not be valid unless served on the party to whom it is directed at least ten days before the time specified in such notice for the hearing before the Council. This Notice shall be served as a Correction Notice to the party and they shall have 10 days to abate the nuisance or show cause before council. (2010)CCM

Sec. 3. Same – Service.

Such notice shall be served as writs of summons are served in civil cases. (1927, Ord. No. 34).

Sec. 4. Publication in Lieu of Personal Service.

In the event such notice cannot be personally served upon the person to whom directed for the reason that such person cannot be found in the City, the Mayor or Chief of Police shall cause such notice to be published for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published as required by the West Virginia Code. The return of “not to be found in City” made upon the notice by the officer attempting to serve the same shall be conclusive evidence that the person to whom the notice is directed cannot be found in the City. (1989).

Sec. 5. Hearing by Municipal Judge

At the time and place indicated in such notice for the hearing before the Council, the person to whom the notice is directed may appear before the Municipal Judge in person or by attorney or he may show cause by properly verified affidavit. (2010)CCM

Sec. 6. Order of Abatement.

If, in the opinion of the Municipal Judge after hearing all the facts in the case, no good and sufficient cause be shown why such nuisance should not be abated, discontinued or removed, the Municipal Judge shall order the person to whom the notice was directed to abate, discontinue or remove the same within such time as the Municipal Judge may deem reasonable. (2010)CCM

Sec. 7. Same – Penalty for Failure to Comply Therewith

Any person failing or refusing to obey the order of the Municipal Judge relating to the abatement of nuisance, shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, with costs, and such person shall be subject to like fine for each and every day such nuisance shall continue after the expiration of the time specified in such order. (2010)CCM

Sec. 8. Entrance on Premises for Abatement or Removal

Whenever any nuisance has been ordered to be abated or removed under the provisions of this Chapter, the Chief of Police shall have the right to enter upon the property on which the nuisance exists, for the purpose of abating or removing the same in accordance with the order of the Council directing such removal or abatement. (1989).

Sec. 9. Liability of Owner when Premises Leased to More than One Party

Whenever any owner or agent of any building in the City shall rent, lease or hire out to be occupied, any building or part thereof, as a home or residence of more than two families living independently of one another, or a building to different persons for stores and offices in said building, giving to each family or person the common right to halls, yards, water-closets, or some of them, then such owner or agent shall be liable for the condition of said halls, yards, and water-closets, and said owner or agent may also be made a defendant in a prosecution for the violation of any of the provisions of this Code and be subject to fine, the same as the

occupant of the premises. Any prosecution for violation of this section may be maintained against the owner, occupants or agent of the premises, or either, or all of said parties. (1989).

Sec. 10. Apportionment of Cost of Abating

The cost of abating nuisances on private property shall be apportioned to each lot in proportion to the amount of the work done and material used in abating the nuisance located on such lot, or, if this appointment is impractical in any case, then such cost shall be apportioned upon such a basis as will be fair and equitable. (1927, Ord. No. 34).

Sec. 11. Enforcement in Circuit Court

In addition to the jurisdiction granted in this Chapter to the City Council, the City may enforce the provisions of this Chapter through the Circuit Court of Summers County. (1989)

Article II. Particular Nuisances

Sec. 12. Boarding or Lodging Houses.

Any boarding house, lodging house, or any building used for such purposes, or any part thereof, within the limits of the City, which shall be leased, let or rented, to be occupied by any person, in which to dwell or lodge, and which boarding house, lodging house or building, or any part thereof, is not sufficiently lighted or ventilated, and provided with water and not kept in a cleanly and sanitary manner, or which, any part whereof the strength, ventilation, light or sewerage is in any manner, shape or form, dangerous, insufficient or prejudicial to life or health, or which shall not be provided with adequate and properly constructed water closets, shall be deemed a nuisance. (1989).

Sec. 13. Manufacture Injurious to Health or Emitting Offensive Odor

It shall not be lawful for any person to erect any building for the purpose of manufacturing or producing any article, or to manufacture or to product any article, the manufacture of which is injurious to public health, or which, in the manufacture thereof, emits an offensive odor or gas to the extent of creating a nuisance to the surrounding inhabitants. (1927, Ord. No. 34)

Sec. 14. Pipes, Tanks, Gutters, Cans, etc

Any unclean, stinking, foul, defective or filthy drainpipes, tank, gutter, or any leaking, broken slop, garbage or manure boxes, or receptacle of like character, whenever or wherever found within the limits of the City shall be deemed a nuisance. (1927, Ord. No. 34)

Sec. 15. Operation of Engines, Furnaces or Boilers

The owners, lessees, tenants, occupants and managers of every building, vessel, or place in or upon which a locomotive or stationary engine, furnace or boiler is used and when gas is not used, shall cause all ashes, cinders, rubbish, dirt and refuse to be removed to some proper place, so that the same shall not accumulate, nor shall any person cause, suffer or allow smoke, cinders, dust, gas, steam or offensive or noisome odors to escape or be discharged from any such building, vessel or place to the detriment or annoyance of any person not being therein or thereupon engaged. Any violation of this Section shall constitute a nuisance. (1927, Ord. No. 34)

Sec. 16. Junk, Automobiles and Machinery

It shall be unlawful for any person to allow upon any lot or parcel of real estate or upon any City street within the City limits the unsheltered storage of old, unused, stripped, junked and other automobiles not in good and safe operating condition, or the unsheltered storage of other vehicles, machinery, implements or other equipment or personal property of any kind which is no longer safely usable for the purpose for which it was manufactured. Any violation of this section shall constitute a nuisance. (1989).

CHAPTER 19-OFFENSES

- Sec. 1. Air Gun, Bee-Bee Gun, etc.
- Sec. 2. Youth Protection.
- Sec. 3. Unnecessary and Loud; Boisterous Conduct.
- Sec. 4. Loitering.
- Sec. 5. Dust and Fragments from Buildings.
- Sec. 6. Prohibiting "Peeping Toms".
- Sec. 7. Drinking on the Public Street.

- Sec. 8. Property – Damage to Property and Damage to or Opening Fire Hydrants.
- Sec. 9. Sound-making Device.
- Sec. 10. Spitting.
- Sec. 11. Door to Door Solicitation.
- Sec. 12. Skateboards, Roller Skates, Bicycles and Scooters.
- Sec. 13. Registered Sex Offender Restrictions.

Sec. 1. Air Gun, Bee-Bee Gun, etc.

It shall be unlawful for any person to carry or discharge any air gun or bee-bee gun within the City. A bee-bee gun shall be taken to include any gun or rifle discharging shot either by compressed air, spring or by means of an explosive cap or cartridge. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Section shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars and at the discretion of the Court shall be confined in jail for a period not to exceed thirty days. (1989)

Sec. 2. Youth Protection

(a) Purpose

The purpose of this ordinance is to protect juveniles from victimization and exposure to criminal activity by establishing a curfew for juveniles under the age of eighteen (18) years in the City of Hinton. The Youth Protection Ordinance is intended to reinforce and promote the role of the parent in raising and guiding children, and to promote the health, safety, and welfare of both juveniles and adults by creating an environment offering better protection and security for all concerned. In addition to the fines and penalties imposed herein individuals found guilty of violating this ordinance shall be reported to the Child Protective Services of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources.

(b) Definitions

For the purpose of this ordinance, the following words and phrases shall have the following meaning:

- (1) Direct Route: The shortest reasonable path of travel or a commonly used route to reach a final destination without any detour or stop along the way.
- (2) Emergency: An unforeseen combination of circumstances or the resulting state that calls for immediate action. The term includes, but is not limited to, a fire, a natural disaster, an automobile accident, or any situation requiring immediate action to prevent serious bodily injury or death. This term also shall include any action that is reasonably necessary in order to respond to the medical needs of a family member of the juvenile regardless of whether the juvenile's action is taken in order to prevent death or serious bodily injury.
- (3) Establishment: Any privately owned place of business operated for profit to which the public has access or is invited including, but not limited to, any place of amusement or entertainment.
- (4) Guardian: A person who is court-appointed to be the guardian of a juvenile.
- (5) Juvenile: Any person under eighteen (18) years of age.
- (6) Owner/Operator: Any individual, firm, association, partnership or corporation, operating, managing or conducting any establishment, including the employees, members or partners of any association or partnership, and the officers of a corporation.
- (7) Parent: A person who is a natural parent, adoptive parent, foster parent, or stepparent of another person, or a person to whom legal custody has been given by court order.
- (8) Public Place: Any place that is generally open to and used by the public or a substantial group of the public, whether it be publicly or privately owned, including but not limited to, streets, sidewalks, highways, alleys, rights-of-way, public vehicular areas, parking lots, transportation facilities, theaters, restaurants, shops, bowling alleys, schools, school grounds, places of business and amusement, playgrounds, parks, and/or similar areas that are open to or accessible to the public.
- (9) Remain: To linger or stay in a public place, or to fail to leave the premises when requested to do so by a police officer, or to fail to leave the premises of an establishment when requested to do so by the owner/operator or employee of the premises.
- (10) Restricted Hours: The time of night referred to herein is based upon the prevailing standard of time, whether Eastern Standard Time or Eastern Daylight Savings Time, generally observed by the public in the City of Hinton, West Virginia.

Restricted Hours Shall Mean:

(a) 10:00 p.m. on any Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday, until 6:00 a.m. of the following day; and

(b) 12:01 a.m. until 6:00 a.m. on any Friday and Saturday.

(c) Offenses Except as provided by subsection (d), the following offenses constitute a violation of this ordinance.

(1) A juvenile commits an offense by being present in or remaining in any public place or on the premises of any establishment within the city during the restricted hours.

(2) A parent or guardian of a juvenile commits an offense if they knowingly permit, or by insufficient control, allow the juvenile to remain in any public place or on the premises of any establishment within the city during the restricted hours. The term “knowingly” includes knowledge that a parent should reasonably be expected to have concerning the whereabouts of a juvenile in the parent’s legal custody. This requirement is intended to hold a neglectful or careless parent up to a reasonable community standard of parental responsibility through an objective test. It shall therefore be no defense that a parent was completely indifferent to the activities or conduct or whereabouts of such juvenile.

(3) The owner, operator, or an employee of an establishment commits an offense if he/she knowingly allows a juvenile to remain upon the premises of the establishment during the restricted hours. The term “knowingly” includes knowledge that an operator or employer should reasonably be expected to have concerning the patrons of any establishment. The standard for “knowingly” shall be applied through an objective test: whether a reasonable person in the operator’s or employee’s position should have known that the patron was a juvenile in violation of this ordinance.

(4) It shall be a violation of this ordinance for any person eighteen (18) years or older to aid and abet a juvenile in the violation of subsection C (1).

(5) It shall be a violation of this ordinance for a parent or guardian to refuse to take custody during the restricted hours of a juvenile for whom the parent or guardian is responsible.

(d) Exceptions

A juvenile who is in a public place or establishment during the restricted hours shall not be in violation of this ordinance if the juvenile is:

(1) Accompanied by his/her parent or guardian.

(2) Accompanied by an adult eighteen (18) years of age or older authorized by the parent or guardian of such juvenile to take the parent or guardian’s place in accompanying the juvenile for a designated period of time and purpose within the specified area.

(3) On an errand, using a direct route, at the direction of the juvenile’s parent or guardian until the hour of 12:30 a.m.

(4) In a motor vehicle with parental consent engaged in travel through the City, or originating in the City, or terminating in the City.

(5) Traveling in a motor vehicle with a parent or guardian, or traveling in a motor vehicle with an adult eighteen (18) years of age or older authorized by the parent or guardian of such juvenile to take the parent’s or guardian’s place in accompanying the juvenile for a designated period of time and purpose within a specified area.

(6) Engaged in a lawful employment activity, or using a direct route to or from a place of employment.

(7) Reacting or responding to an emergency.

(8) Attending or traveling to or from, by direct route, an official school, religious, or recreational activity that is supervised by adults and sponsored by a public or private school, the City of Hinton, or other governmental entity, a civic organization, or another similar entity that accepts responsibility for the juvenile.

(9) Exercising First Amendment rights protected by the United States Constitution such as the free exercise of religion, freedom of speech, and the right of assembly.

(10) Married or emancipated.

(11) When authorized, by special permit from the Chief of Police or his designee carried on the person of the juvenile thus authorized as follows: When necessary nighttime activities of a juvenile may be inadequately provided for by other provisions of this ordinance, then recourse may be had to the Chief of Police, or his designee, either for regulation as provided in subsection (d) (2) or for a special permit as the circumstances warrant. Upon the findings of reasonable necessity for the use of a public place to the extent warranted by a written application signed by a juvenile, and by a parent of the juvenile, if feasible, stating (1) the name, age, and address of the juvenile; (2) the name, address, and telephone number of a parent thereof; (3) the height, weight, sex, color of eyes and hair, and other physical characteristics of the juvenile; (4) the necessity that requires the juvenile to remain upon a public place during the restricted hours otherwise applicable; (5) the public place, and the involved date and hour, the Chief of Police, or his designee, may grant a permit in writing for the juvenile's use of a public place at such hours as in the opinion of the Chief of Police may reasonably be necessary and consistent with the purposes of this ordinance.

(12) When authorized, by regulation issued by the Chief of Police or his designee in other similar cases of reasonable necessity, similarly handled as set forth in subsection (d) (11) but adapted to reasonably necessary nighttime activities of more juveniles than can readily be dealt with on an individual special permit basis. Normally such regulation by the Chief of Police or his designee permitting use of public places should be issued sufficiently in advance to permit appropriate publicity through news media and through other agencies such as schools, and shall define the activity, the scope of the use of the public places permitted, the period of time involved, not to extend more than one (1) hour beyond the time for termination of the activity, and the reason for finding that the regulation is reasonably necessary and is consistent with the purposes of this ordinance.

(e) Defense

It is a defense to prosecution under subsection C(3) that the owner, operator, or employee of an establishment promptly notified the police department that a juvenile was present on the premises of the establishment during the restricted hours and refused to leave.

(f) Enforcement

(1) Before taking any enforcement action under this ordinance, a police officer shall ask the apparent offender's age and reason for being in the public place or establishment during the restricted hours.

(2) The Officer shall not prepare a juvenile arrest report, issue a citation, or make an arrest under this ordinance unless the Officer reasonably believes that an offense has occurred and that based on any response and other circumstance, no exception or defense in subsection (d) or (e) is present.

(g) Penalties

(1) A juvenile who violates any provision of this ordinance is subject to being adjudicated delinquent. The municipal court, may in its discretion, impose any disposition alternative(s) that is (are) provided by the West Virginia Code 49-5-2(d).

(2) Any person other than a juvenile who violates any provision of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine not to exceed \$500.00, and/or up to ten (10) days imprisonment in the discretion of the court in accordance with the West Virginia Code 8-10-2. Further, if found guilty, said guilty party (ies) shall be reported to the Child Protective Services of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Services.

(h) Severability

If any portion of this ordinance, or its application to any person or circumstance is held unconstitutional or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining portions of this ordinance.(2010)CCM

Sec. 3. Unnecessary and Loud: Boisterous Conduct.

No person shall after a request to desist, make, continue or cause to be made by the use of any horn, bell, radio or loud speaker, or by the operation of any instrument or device, any unreasonable loud, disturbing and unnecessary noises of such a character, intensity or duration as to disturb the peace and quiet of the community or to be detrimental to the life and health of any individual, and no person shall willfully conduct himself in a noisy, boisterous or other disorderly manner by either words or acts which disturb the good order and quiet of the community.

Any violation of this Section shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars. (8-14-79)

Sec. 4. Loitering.

It shall be unlawful for any person within the City to loiter and assemble on any street or sidewalk, on any vacant lot or around any public building or enclosure of any park or reservation or at the entrance of any private building and engage in loud and boisterous talking or other disorderly conduct, or insult or make rude or obscene gestures or comments or observations to persons passing by or in their hearing, or crowd, obstruct or incommode the free use of any such street, sidewalk, or the free entrance to any public or private building or enclosure.

Any violation of this Section shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars. (8-14-79)

Sec. 5. Dust and Fragments from Buildings.

No person shall fail to take any usual and reasonable precautions to prevent fragments or substances from falling or dust or light material flying into any street, place or building from any building or erection. Any danger to health from a violation of this Section shall constitute a nuisance.

Sec. 6. Prohibiting "Peeping Toms".

It shall be unlawful for any person to peer or look inspecting into any building for a lustful, lewd, wanton or lascivious purpose, or to annoy or molest the occupant thereof.

Any violation of this Section shall be punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars with costs and imprisonment for not less than ten days or more than thirty days. (12-9-69)

Sec. 7. Drinking on the Public Street.

It is hereby expressly ordered that the consumption of or the possession of an open container of beer, ale, malt liquor or other alcoholic beverages, shall not be permitted upon the streets, sidewalks or other public places within the City of Hinton.

Anyone violating this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and the penalty for violation of said ordinance shall be \$25.00 for each offense. (1989)

Sec. 8. Property – Damage to Property and Damage to or Opening Fire Hydrants.

No person shall tear down, deface or damage any building, fence, sidewalk, bridge, street, public property, sign, tree, telephone or telegraph pole, window, electric light, door, or any other property in the City by cutting, breaking, daubing with paint, marking with chalk, hitching horses or any other animals to such tree or poles, or in any other manner. No person shall destroy damage, break or unlawfully open any fire hydrant in said City.

Any violation of this Section shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars; and the violator may, in addition, be confined in jail not exceeding ten days.

(2010)CCM

Sec. 9. Sound-making Device.

No person shall, within the City, play or operate or permit to be played or operated any talking machine, radio, stereo or any other talking machine, or talking device of like kind or character in said City so that the noise from such playing or operation shall enter the dwelling, apartment or place of business of another person in such volume and intensity as to make concentration on work therein difficult or in any other manner to interfere materially with the conduct of business therein or render the occupation of any such dwelling house, apartment or place of business materially uncomfortable.

Any person who shall violate this Section shall be deemed guilty of maintaining a nuisance and shall, upon conviction for a first violation of this Section be punished by a fine of not less that twenty-five dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. Each day on which such playing or operation is done shall constitute a separate offense under this Section. Exceptions would be any event sponsored or approved by the City Council for a limited time examples would be festival, concert, parade, etc. **(2010)CCM**

Sec. 10. Spitting.

No person shall expectorate or spit in or upon any sidewalks or in or upon any taxicab or bus, railway car, or other public vehicle carrying passengers for hire in or upon any part of any public building or upon any public street, alley or other public place. Any violation of this Section shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars. (1989)

Sec. 11. Door to Door Solicitation.

No person shall come from any place without this City and County to solicit money or engage in any fund raising activities of any kind for any group or organization. Any person who shall violate this Section shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than five hundred dollars and costs, and be imprisoned at the discretion of the Court for any time not exceeding thirty days. (6-24-76)

Sec. 12. Skateboards, Roller Skates, Bicycles and Scooters.

- (a) No person shall roller skate or ride a skateboard in a reckless manner on any public sidewalk. No person shall ride a skateboard or roller skate on a sidewalk without exercising due care for the safety of other persons using the sidewalk.
- (b) No person shall roller skate or ride a skateboard on any street except for the purpose of crossing the street. The rules relating to pedestrians crossing streets shall apply to persons crossing a street on roller skates or a skateboard. No person crossing a street on roller skates or a skateboard shall travel too fast for safety under the conditions existing.
- (c) No person shall ride a bicycle or scooter on any public sidewalk. (1989)

13. Discussion and or action concerning hiring Street Department Worker- No action was taken on this item

14. Adjournment / Next Regular Meeting November 16, 2010 – Councilman Jordan moved for adjournment. Councilman Basham seconded the motion and the motion passed on a vote of 4-0.

City Manager

Mayor